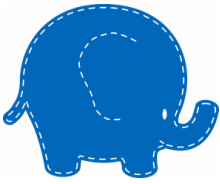


## Pain and Sedation Service

### Advice on Pain Relief following Multi-Level Surgery

#### Information for parents and carers



#### Introduction

Following multi-level surgery, good pain management is a priority not only immediately after the operation, but also after discharge home. During the weeks after surgery, your child will require periods of intensive physiotherapy. It is important to maintain good pain relief during this time so that your child can participate in the necessary exercises to aid their recovery.

Details of the operation your child had are included on a separate sheet.

Your child will be discharged home with a combination of pain relieving medicines. These medicines are listed below.

#### Paracetamol

- This is the most widely used pain relief medication. It can be used alone or in combination with other pain relief medications.

#### Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS)

- NSAIDS such as Ibuprofen or Diclofenac work by reducing swelling and inflammation. This is particularly helpful after surgery. Only one NSAID will be given to your child, either Ibuprofen or Diclofenac, not both. It is important that your child takes NSAIDS with or after food.

#### Tramadol

- This is a type of pain relief medication known as an 'opiate'. It is used to treat moderate to severe pain. It has shown to be more effective when given at the same time as paracetamol. There is a possibility that Tramadol can cause constipation, therefore laxatives may be given for your child to take at home while he/she is taking these pain medications.

#### Morphine sulphate

- This is another type of opiate and it is used to treat moderate and severe pain. Only one opiate medication will be given to your child, either Tramadol or Morphine, not both. There is a possibility Morphine can cause constipation, therefore laxatives may be given for your child to take at home while he/she is taking these pain medications.

#### Immediately after discharge from hospital

Your child will continue to need regular pain relief. Paracetamol, an NSAID and an opiate can all be given at the same time if required.

Do not wait for the pain to get bad before giving your child their pain relief medication. It is best to try and give pain relief before pain starts. You should not worry about giving your child medicines to make their pain less. Your child will feel much better if they are not in pain. However, it is

important to follow the instructions on the bottle/packet and that you do not give the medicine more often than the instructions advise. To keep track of the pain relief medicine your child has received and when you gave it you may find it helpful to record the details in a timetable.

Children can express how much pain they feel in many different ways. In general, you should give pain relief for as long as your child is complaining of pain. If you have any concerns about how long you should continue giving your child pain relief medicine you can contact Lara Pearn or Kristine Gatti on 0151 252 5949.

When your child does not seem to need regular pain relief, you should start to miss out some of the doses. You should continue to give pain relief about one hour before any physiotherapy, so that the pain relief is working during and after the session.

Please read any information leaflets that come with the medicines for advice (additional information can be found at <http://www.medicinesforchildren.org.uk/search-for-a-leaflet>).

### **General information about side effects of medicine**

A side effect is an unwanted reaction or symptom from a medicine, sometimes called an 'adverse drug reaction'. All medicines can have side effects. If your child experiences any side effects, it is important to discuss this with a doctor or pharmacist so a decision can be made if the medicine should be stopped.

If it is recommended that the medicine should be stopped, an alert will be put in your child's notes to alert other health professionals that your child should not have this medicine.

Anyone can report side effects of medicines to the Medicine and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA). To find out how to make a report, ring MHRA helpline on Freephone 0808 100 3352 or visit their website [www.yellowcard.gov.uk](http://www.yellowcard.gov.uk)

If you are unsure about any medicines, have any questions or you are concerned about your child's pain in any way, you should contact the hospital for advice. *(Staff to complete box below with contact/telephone numbers and availability)*

#### **Additional Information** *(to be completed by staff)*

This fact sheet only gives general information. You must always discuss the individual treatment of your child with the appropriate member of staff. Do not rely on this leaflet alone for information about your child's treatment. This information can be made available in other languages and formats if requested.

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2